

ConTExT

A Generic Approach for Mitigating Spectre

Michael Schwarz, Moritz Lipp, Claudio Canella, Robert Schilling, Florian Kargl, Daniel Gruss

February 26, 2020

Graz University of Technology

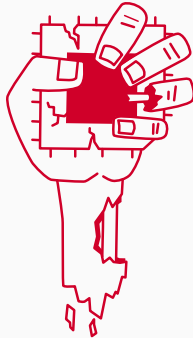




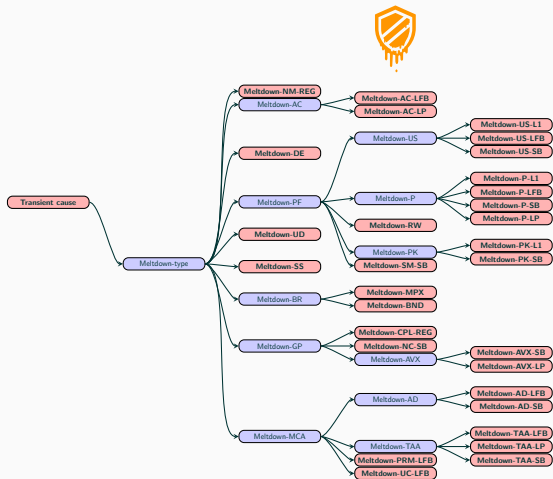


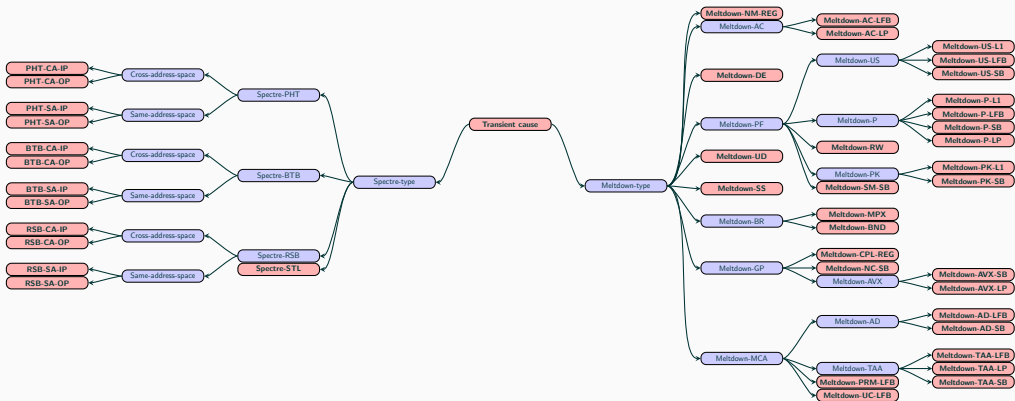


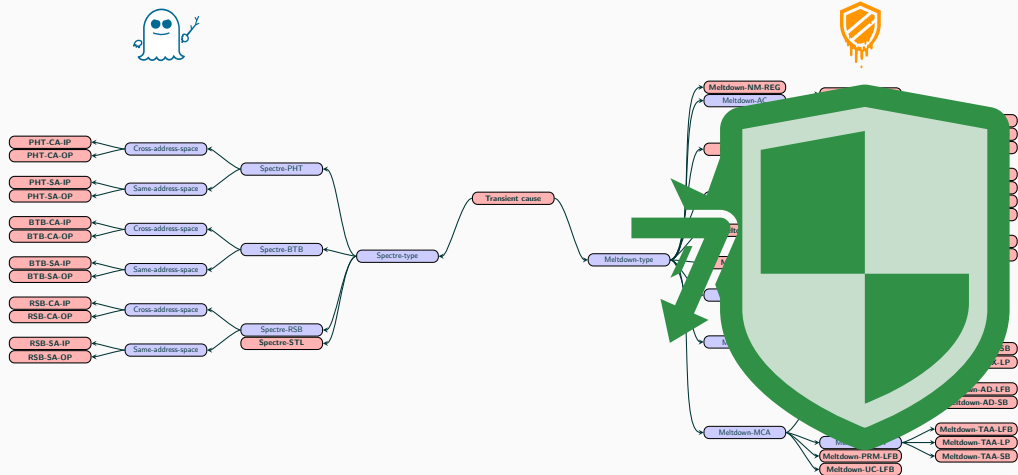


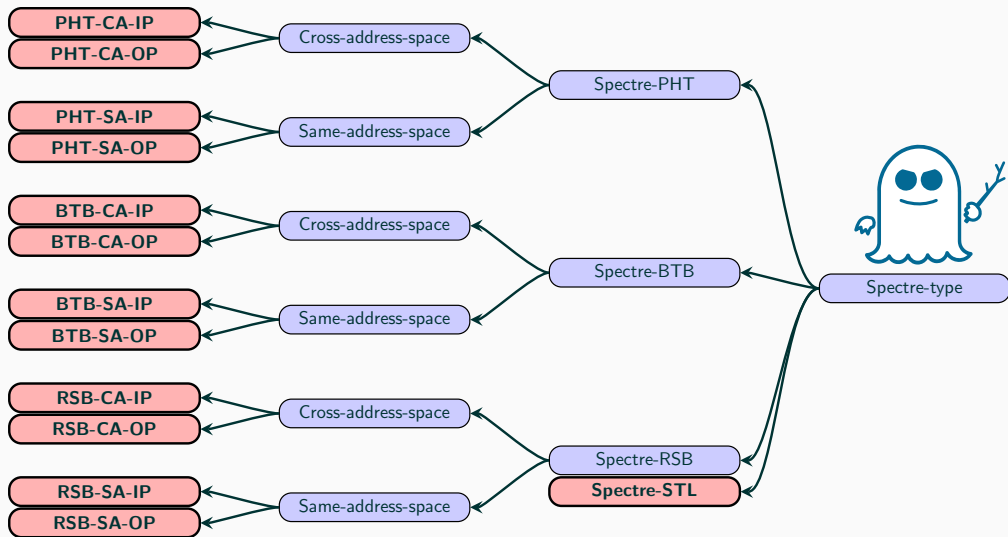


Transient cause

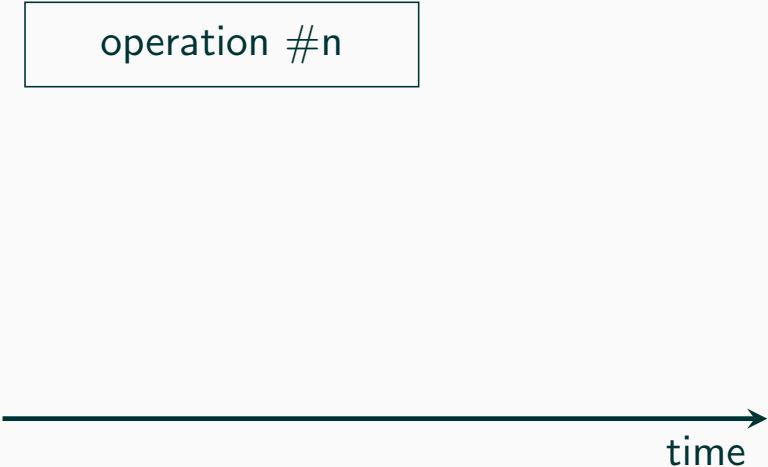




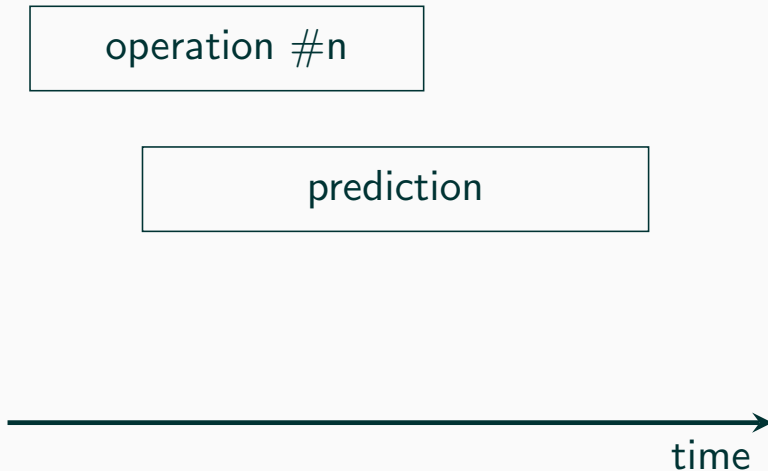


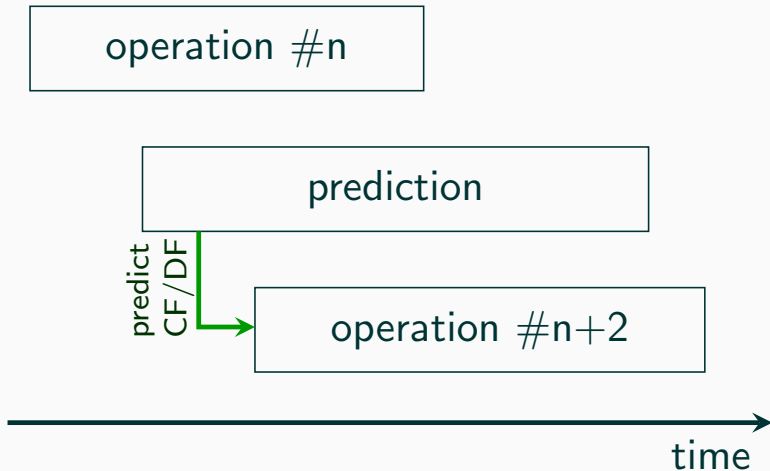


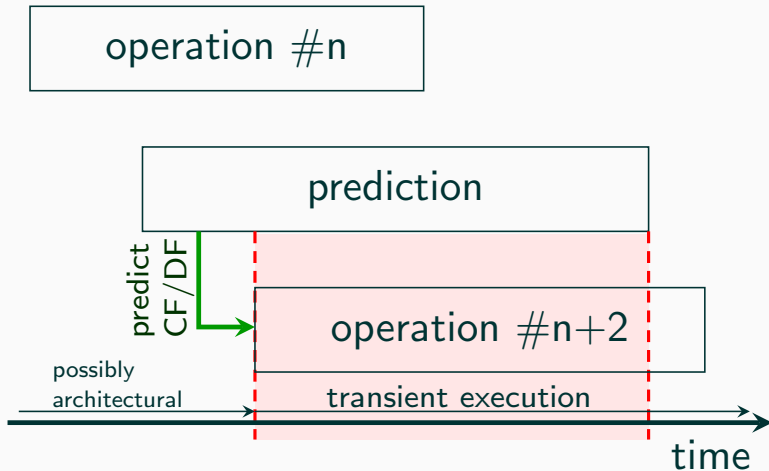
operation #n

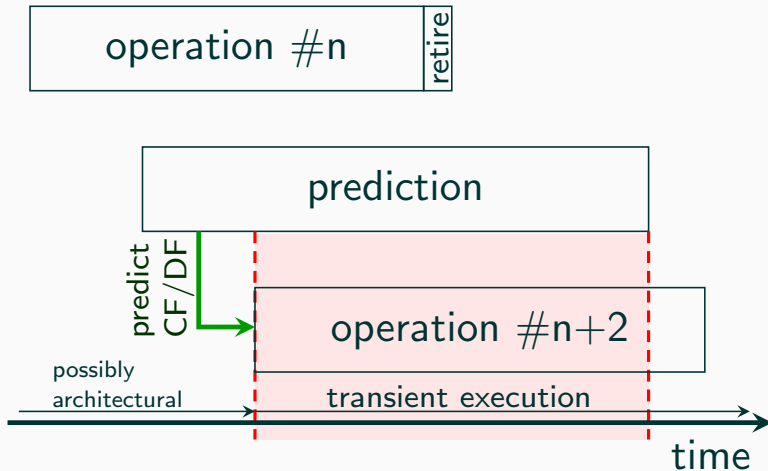


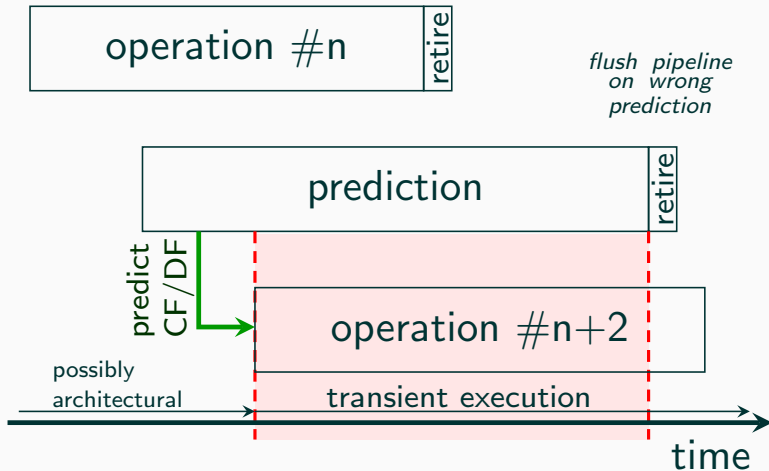
time

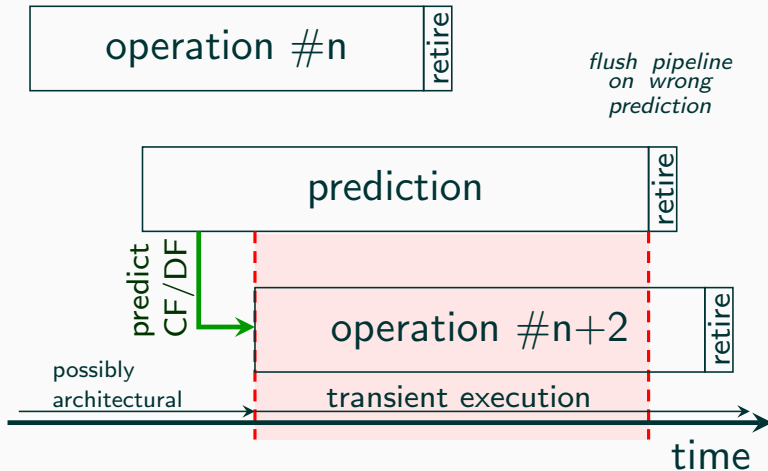






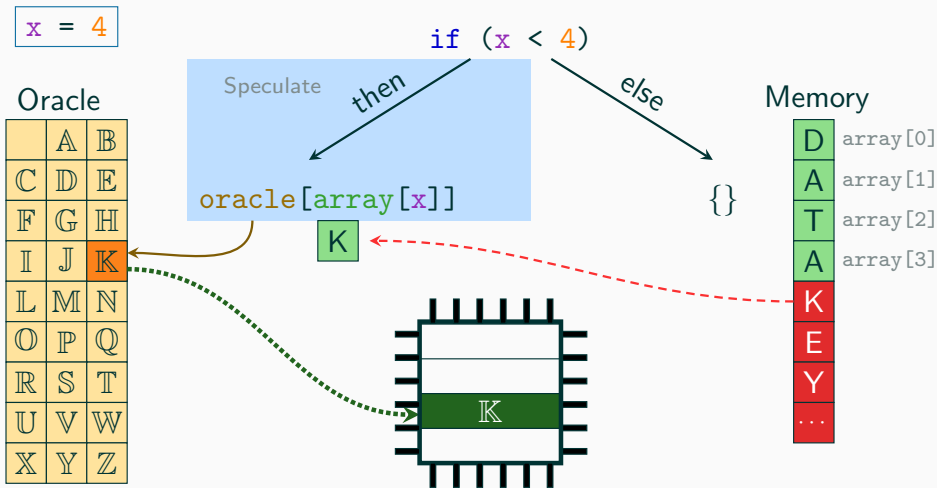




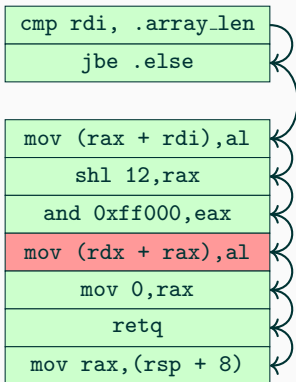




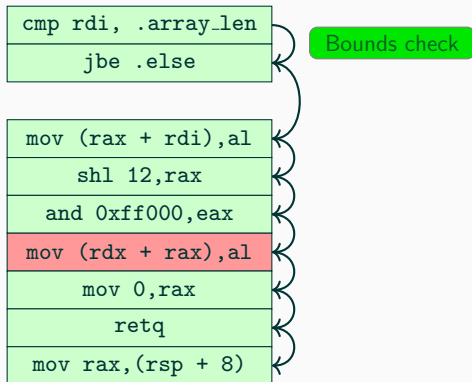
```
if(x < array_len) {  
    y = oracle[array[x] * 4096];  
}
```



Unprotected



Unprotected



Unprotected

```
cmp rdi, .array_len  
jbe .else
```

Bounds check

```
mov (rax + rdi),al  
shl 12,rax  
and 0xff000,eax  
mov (rdx + rax),al  
mov 0,rax  
retq  
mov rax,(rsp + 8)
```

Access out-of-bounds array[x]

Unprotected

```
cmp rdi, .array_len  
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Bounds check

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Access out-of-bounds array[x]

Secret in rax

Unprotected

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cmp rdi, .array_len  
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Bounds check

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mov 0,rax  
retq  
mov rax,(rsp + 8)
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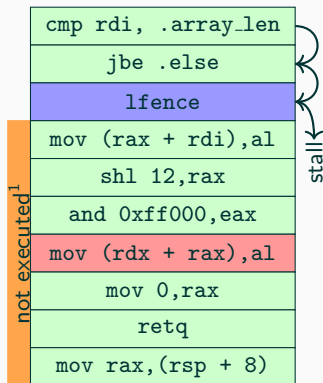
Access out-of-bounds array[x]

Secret in rax

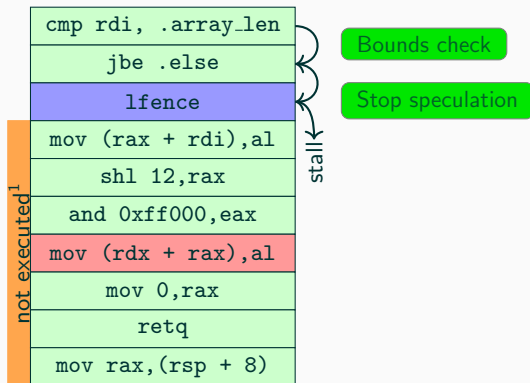
Access secret-dependent memory location

```
if(x < array_len) {  
    asm volatile("lfence");  
    y = oracle[array[x] * 4096];  
}
```

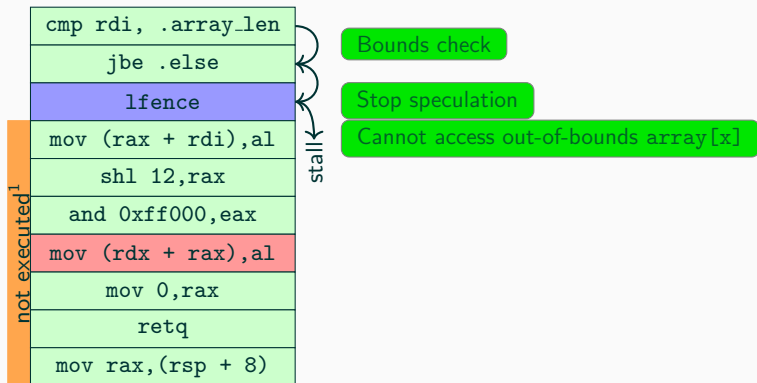
Serializing Barrier



Serializing Barrier



Serializing Barrier





- 62 % – 74.8 % overhead



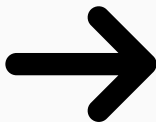
- 62 % – 74.8 % overhead
- Additional overhead for other Spectre variants 5 % – 50 %



- 62 % – 74.8 % overhead
- Additional overhead for other Spectre variants 5 % – 50 %
- Identify leaking branches → difficult



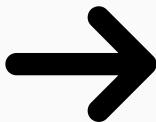
From identifying **branches**...



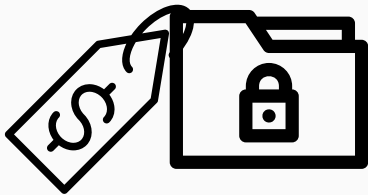
From identifying **branches**...



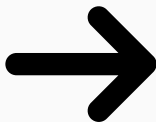
From identifying **branches**...



...to identifying **secrets**



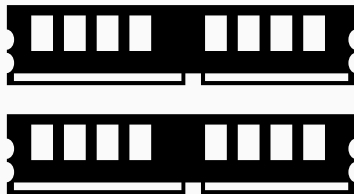
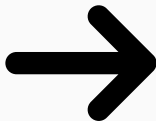
Annotated secrets...



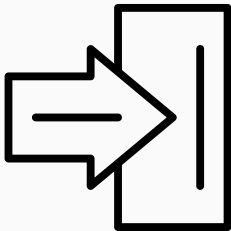
Annotated secrets...



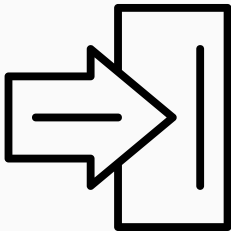
Annotated secrets...



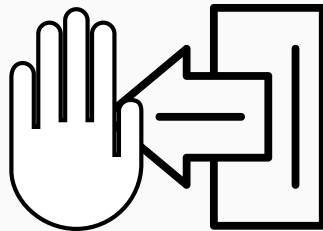
...stored in non-speculatable
memory



Secrets can transiently enter registers...

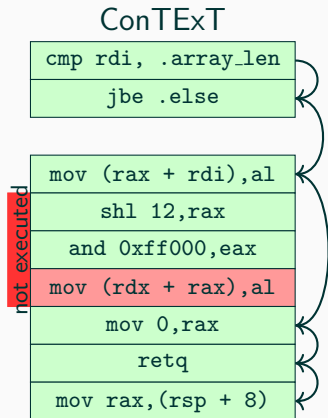


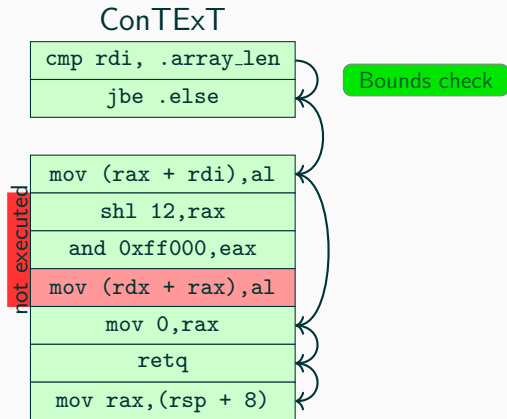
Secrets can transiently enter registers...

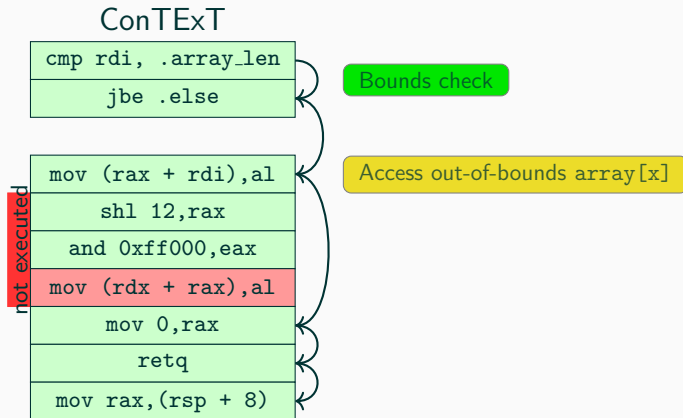


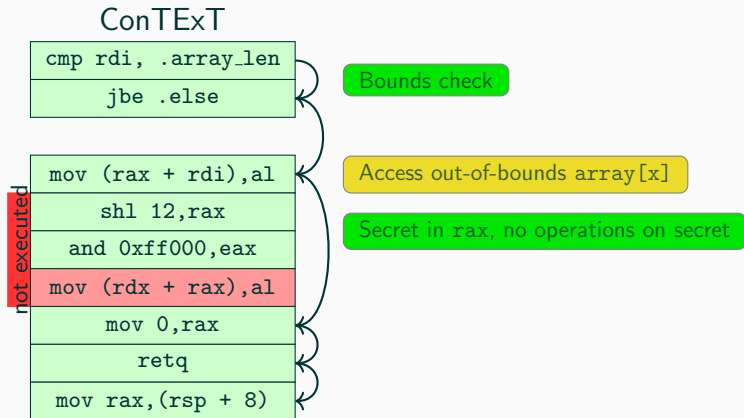
...but not transiently leave them

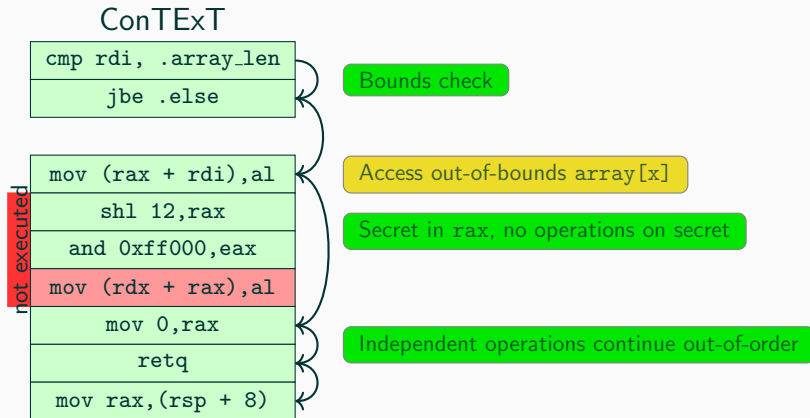
```
char nospec array[16];  
  
if(x < array_len) {  
    y = oracle[array[x] * 4096];  
}
```

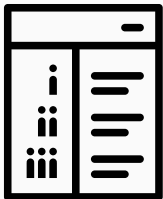




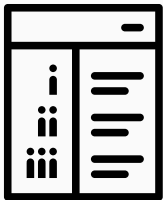








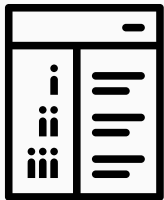
New Memory Type



New Memory Type



Simple Taint Tracking



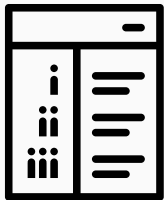
New Memory Type



Simple Taint Tracking



Compiler Support



New Memory Type



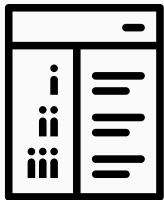
Simple Taint Tracking



Compiler Support



OS Support



New Memory Type



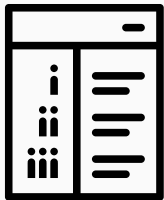
Simple Taint Tracking



Compiler Support



OS Support



Uncachable Memory



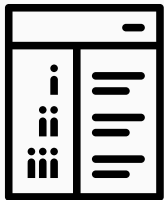
Simple Taint Tracking



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OS Support



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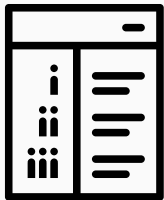
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Compiler Support



OS Support



Uncachable Memory



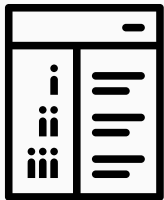
No Taint Tracking



LLVM Support



OS Support



Uncachable Memory



No Taint Tracking

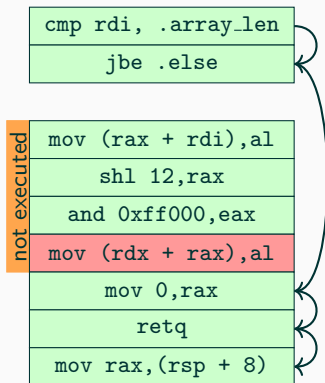


LLVM Support

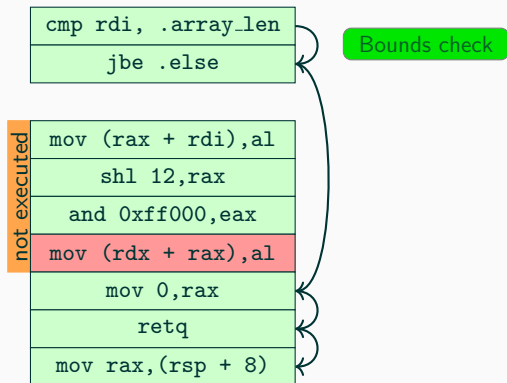


Linux Kernel Module

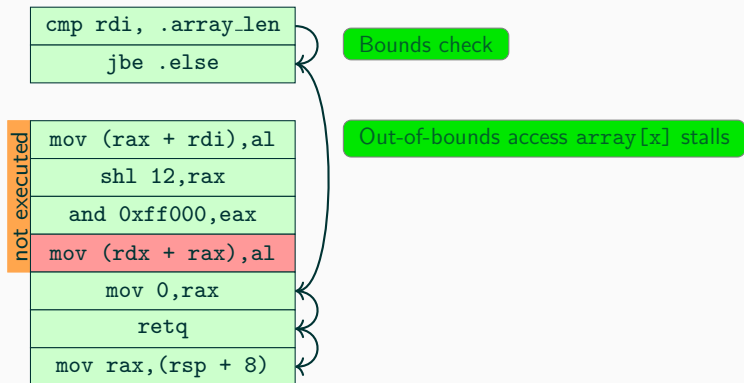
ConTEdT-light



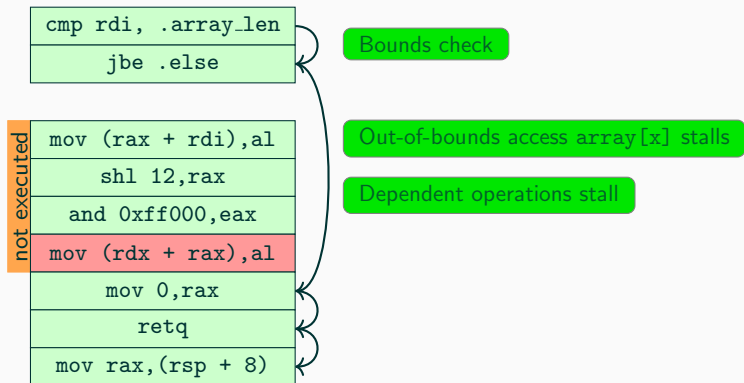
ConTEdT-light



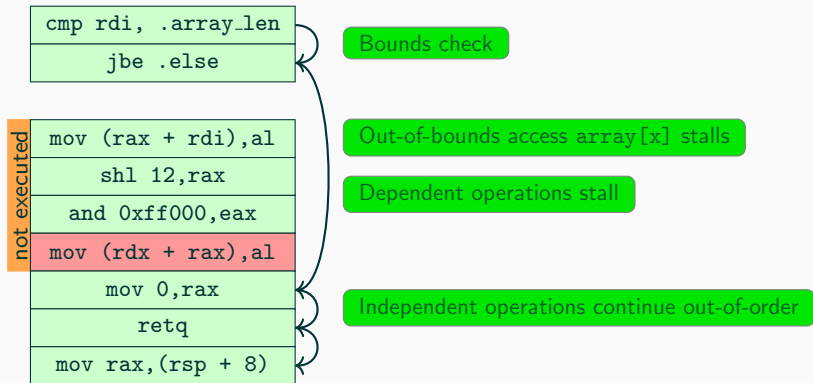
ConTEdT-light



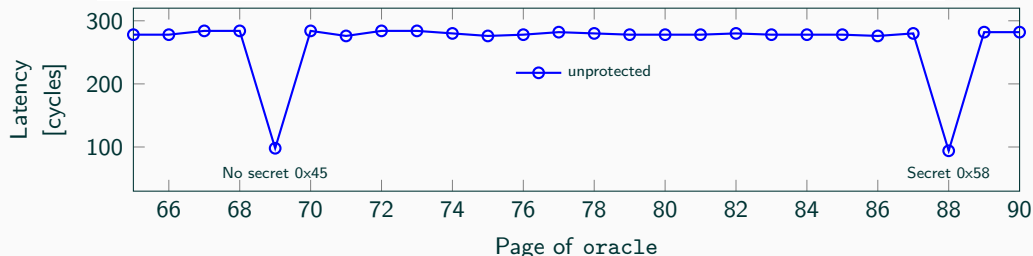
ConTEsT-light



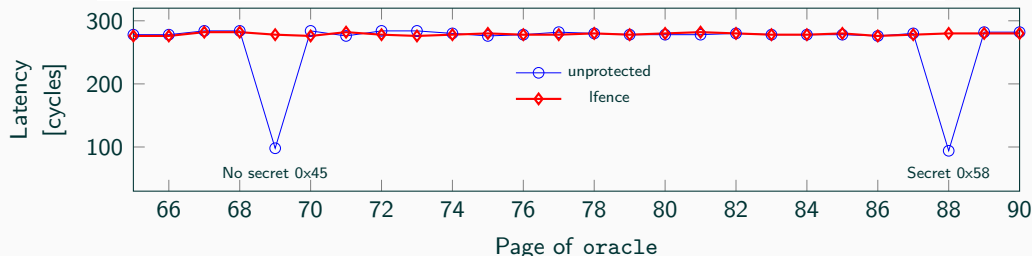
ConTEXT-light



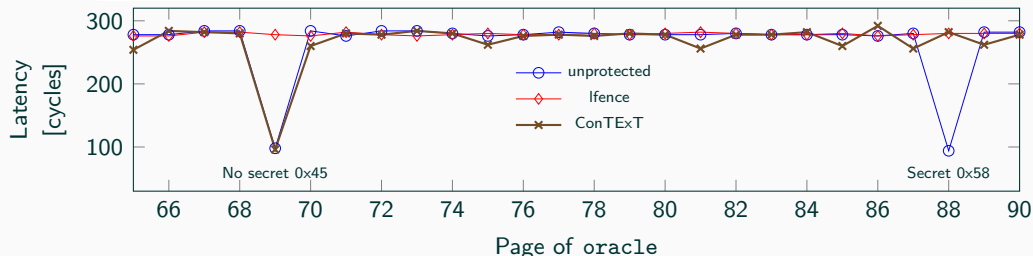
```
char oracle[256 * 4096];  
// nospec for ConTEXT-light  
char /*nospec*/ secret = 'X';  
  
if(speculate()) {  
    // LFENCE here for mitigation  
    oracle[secret * 4096]; // encode secret  
    oracle['E' * 4096]; // encode public value  
}
```



```
char oracle[256 * 4096];  
// nospec for ConTEXT-light  
char /*nospec*/ secret = 'X';  
  
if(speculate()) {  
    asm volatile("lfence");  
    oracle[secret * 4096]; // encode secret  
    oracle['E' * 4096]; // encode public value  
}
```



```
char oracle[256 * 4096];  
// nospec for ConTEXT-light  
char nospec secret = 'X';  
  
if(speculate()) {  
    // LFENCE here for mitigation  
    oracle[secret * 4096]; // encode secret  
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}
```





AES-NI

0%



AES-NI

0 %



VeraCrypt

VeraCrypt

3.21 % (mount) / 0 % (encrypt)



AES-NI

0 %



OpenSSH

24.7 % (init) / 5.4 % (transfer)



VeraCrypt

VeraCrypt

3.21 % (mount) / 0 % (encrypt)



AES-NI

0 %



OpenSSH

24.7 % (init) / 5.4 % (transfer)



VeraCrypt

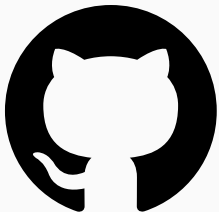
VeraCrypt

3.21 % (mount) / 0 % (encrypt)



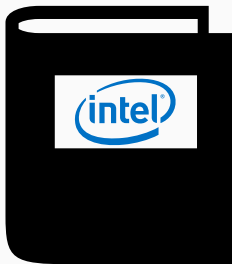
NGINX

7.3 %

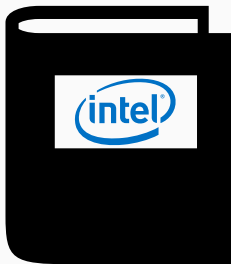


You can find our **proof-of-concept** implementation on:

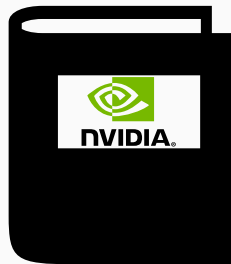
- <https://github.com/IAIK/contextlight>



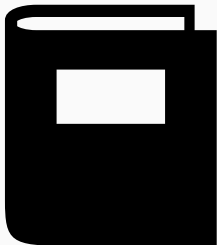
“A New Memory Type against
Speculative Side Channel
Attacks” [SBH19]



“A New Memory Type against
Speculative Side Channel
Attacks” [SBH19]



“Memory Type Which is Cacheable
Yet Inaccessible by Speculative
Instructions” [Bog+19]



More details in the **paper** [Sch+20]

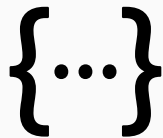
- Compiler modifications
- Taint tracking in register/cache/TLB
- Handling context switches
- ...



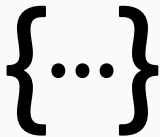
NDSS'20

Michael Schwarz, Moritz Lipp, Claudio Canella, Robert Schilling, Florian Kargl, Daniel Gruss.

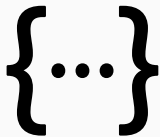
ConTEXT: A Generic Approach for Mitigating Spectre.



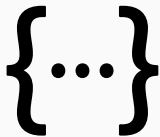
- ConTE_XT is **data-based** instead of instruction-based



- ConTE_xT is **data-based** instead of instruction-based
- **Mitigates** the **root cause** (leakage) instead of the covert channel



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- Applicable to **all Spectre variants** with low overhead



- ConTE_xT is **data-based** instead of instruction-based
- **Mitigates** the **root cause** (leakage) instead of the covert channel
- Applicable to **all Spectre variants** with low overhead
- All changes are fully **backward compatible**

ConTEXT

A Generic Approach for Mitigating Spectre

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References



D. D. Boggs, R. Segelken, M. Cornaby, N. Fortino, S. Chaudhry, D. Khartikov, A. Mooley, N. Tuck, and G. Vreugdenhil. Memory type which is cacheable yet inaccessible by speculative instructions. US Patent App. 16/022,274. 2019.



K. Sun, R. Branco, and K. Hu. A New Memory Type Against Speculative Side Channel Attacks. 2019.



M. Schwarz, M. Lipp, C. Canella, R. Schilling, F. Kargl, and D. Gruss. ConTExT: A Generic Approach for Mitigating Spectre. In: NDSS. 2020.